

Statewide Performance Improvements by the Board

Recidivism

Evidence-based parole practices result in a reduced recidivism rate.

- ➔ The latest PBPP three-year recidivism rate is 44%, a decrease of three percentage points compared to five years earlier.
- ➔ The PBPP one-year recidivism rate is 20%. This is a decrease from a rate of 22% five years ago.

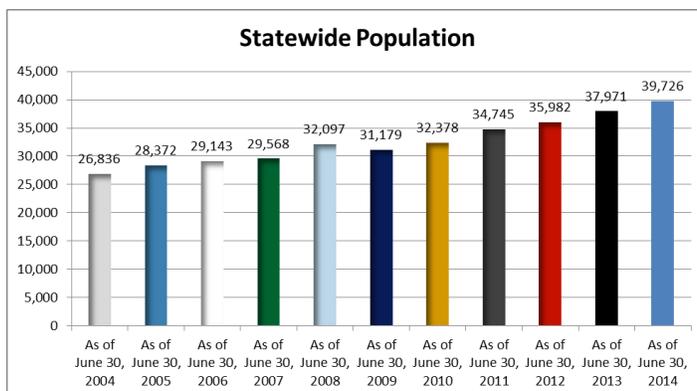
Supervision and Reentry

Problem solving case management continues to help parolee's successfully complete parole.

- ➔ Each year thousands of offenders successfully complete parole. The number of offenders who successfully completed parole in FY13/14 was 6,740, an 11% increase since FY06/07.

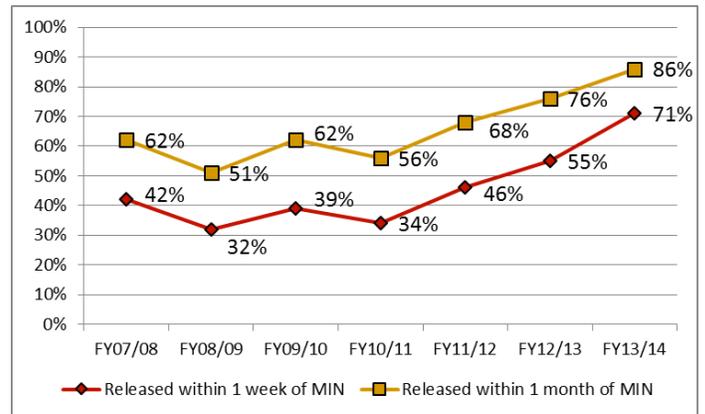
Supervised Parole Population

The Board's population grew by 4.6% in FY13/14. Since FY05/06, the parole population has increased 30% from 29,143 to 39,726 in FY13/14.



Minimum Sentence Releases

The percentage of offenders released within one week or one month of their minimum date has increased for three consecutive years.



Supervision Cost

The cost of supervising a parolee for one year is \$3,348 compared to \$41,100* for a year of incarceration in a state correctional institution.

**PA Department of Correction's projected cost per inmate in the Governor's FY14/15 budget request.*

Employment

Research has proven that employment reduces recidivism. If parolees are working, they are less likely to spend time involved in criminal activity, thus helping to support themselves and dependents, and increasing their ability to pay restitution owed.

- ➔ In FY13/14, the monthly average percent of offenders who were able to work who were employed was 55%.

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Offender Accountability

Since many offenders have a substance abuse problem, drug testing and treatment may be a part of their parole conditions. Drug tests are overwhelmingly negative.

- ➔ During FY13/14, 89% of the 122,140 drug tests given to detect illegal drugs were negative.

Enforcement of Parole Conditions

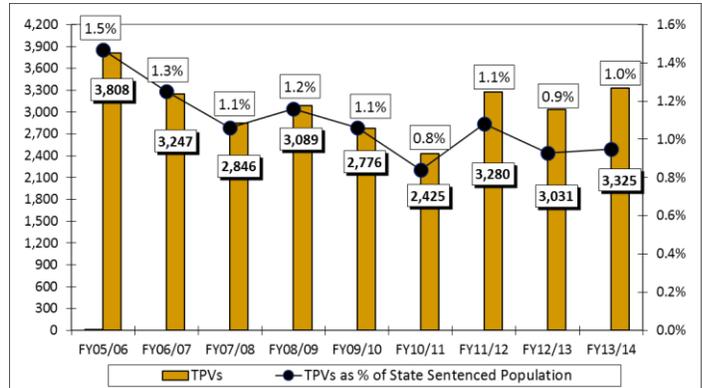
More technical parole violators are returned to prison.

As part of reentry, offenders who violate conditions of parole are sanctioned, may be sent to a treatment program, or have their parole revoked. An offender who commits a crime while on parole is returned to prison.

- ➔ In FY13/14, the total number of technical parole violators (TPVs) (state sentence) was 3,325, which were 294 more than in FY12/13. Over the fiscal year, state sentence TPVs as a percentage of the state sentence population was 0.95%.

- ➔ In FY13/14, the total number of convicted parole violators (CPVs) (state sentence) was 2,409. Over the fiscal year, state sentence CPVs as a percentage of the state sentence population was 0.69%.

- ➔ Parole Violator Centers were established in March 2010. In Calendar Year 2013, 1,470 technical parole violators were diverted to these centers.



Arrest of Offenders Who Fail to Report

Percentage of parolees on the run continues to decline.

- ➔ The Board's efforts to aggressively pursue offenders who fail to report to their agent continue to pay off – the percentage of absconders has declined from 5.8% (1,668) in FY05/06 to 3.4% (1,328) in FY13/14, despite an increasing parole population.

